

62ª REUNIÃO ANUAL DA “SOCIETY FOR AMERICAN ARCHAEOLOGY”

Durante o período de 2 a 6 de abril de 1997 realizou-se a 62ª Reunião Anual da Society for American Archaeology (SAA) no Opryland Hotel, cidade de Nashville, Tennessee, EUA.

Estas reuniões têm como objetivo reunir a comunidade arqueológica dos Estados Unidos e outros países interessados, oferecendo um fórum de discussão e disseminação de conhecimento.

Tradicionalmente reunindo um grande número de eventos e participações, compuseram esta Reunião:

- 1 Sessão de Abertura, com 9 apresentações
- 1 Sessão Plenária, com 10 apresentações
- 75 Simpósios, com 735 apresentações
- 37 Sessões Gerais ou Públicas, com 344 apresentações
- 7 Apresentações de Pesquisa, com 54 apresentações
- 9 Sessões ou Simpósios de Posters, com 79 apresentações
- 1 Grupo de Trabalho
- 6 Foruns
- 12 Workshops

Seus temas são apresentados abaixo:

Sessão de abertura

- Changes in Attitudes, changes in Latitudes: relationships between Archaeologists and native Americans

Sessão Plenária

- Celebrating National Commitments to Archaeology

Simpósios

- Late Pleistocene Occupations in the Americas: a Hemispheric Perspective
- The Great Transition: defining the Terminal Classic Era in the Southern Maya Lowlands
- Iconographic Perspectives on the Southeastern Ceremonial Complex
- New Modes of Inquiry for Investigating Prehistoric Settlement and Subsistence Variability in the American Southwest
- Debating Anasazi Cannibalism: recent evidence from the Northern San Juan Basin
- Obsidian Craft Production in Central Mexico: a view from Xochicalco

- Americanist approaches to Late Prehistoric and Early Medieval European Archaeology
- Archaeological research of Prehispanic Households in Belize
- Clovis in Context: new light on the Peopling of the Americas
- Scholars of the BAE: the relevance of 19th-Century field research for Current Archeological Debate
- Recent directions in Caribbean Prehistory: beyond migration
- Sex roles and gender hierarchies in Southwestern Prehistory
- The evolution of Eurasian Steppe Cultures during the Late Iron Age Period (Saka/ Sarmatian Cultures)
- To reconstruct or not to reconstruct: the Pros and Cons of Reconstruction versus Preservation-In-Place
- Beyond Cloth and Cordage: current approaches to Archaeological Textile Research
- Mesoamerican obsidian: a consideration of the Cutting Edge
- New Perspectives on Brazilian Archaeology
- City-State Archaeology: results from continuing Investigations at Late Aztec Otumba in the Northeastern Basin of Mexico
- Archaeological Perspectives on the Relationship between Residential Mobility and Social Organization
- Reconsidering Ralph L. Roys' Political Geography of the Yucatan Maya
- Out of the Ground and into the Future
- Prehistoric Quarries and Chert Exploitation in the Southeastern and Mid-Atlantic States
- Ancient Landscape Reconstruction: New Approaches and Technologies
- Fieldhouses, Farmsteads, and Farming Villages: current Method and Theory in understanding Southwestern Economic Systems
- Political Boundaries in Ancient Mesoamerica
- New Research on the Early Classic Period in the Northern Maya Lowland
- Empire, Interaction, and Identity: Romans and Indigenous Peoples in Temperate Europe
- Fryxell Symposium 1997 – Molecular to Synthetic Research in Southwestern Archaeobotany: papers in Honor of Vorila L. Bohrer
- From Continents to Islands: examining colonization at different geographic scales and in varying cultural contexts
- Recent Advances in Lower Creek Archaeology
- Learning from Once-Hot Rocks (Part 1): Middle-Range Archaeological Research Strategies for Burned-Rock Studies
- Rethinking Mycenaean Palaces: new interpretations of an Old Idea

- New Perspectives in Mesoamerican Cave Archaeology
 - Natural Disaster and the Archaeology of Human response
 - Current Research in Guatemala: new regional perspectives and future directions
 - An Archaeology of Communities in the Americas: Problems and Prospects
 - Exploring variability in Mogollon Pithouses
 - Tetimpa: Archaeology on the Slopes of the Popocatepetl Volcano, Pueblo, Mexico
 - Using seriation in Processual Archaeology
 - Protecting the Archaeological Heritage of the Americas: research and Protection
 - Understanding Human Migrations and their Archaeological signatures
 - Learning from Once-Hot Rocks (Part 2): Archaeological case studies and strategies for Burned-Rock Research
 - Upper Creek Archaeology and Ethohistory
 - “For the inspiration and benefit of the people”: The Army Corps of Engineers and Community-Based Studies of the cultural environment
 - New World Approaches to Cave Archaeology
 - The Archaeology of Indus Cities: new approaches from Harappa, Pakistan
 - Current research in Maya Zooarchaeology
 - Current research in El Salvador
 - Interaction Spheres and Cultural Dynamics in Northern Chile
 - Ethnoarchaeology in the Southeast
 - The Glen Canyon Project and After: Archaeology in “The Place No One Knew”, 1957-1997
 - The State of the Art: a critical appraisal of American Rock Art Studies
 - Chemical Sourcing of Ceramics in the Greater Southwest
 - Living on the Edge I: Maya sites and their settings on the Eastern Fringe of the Peten, Northwestern Belize
 - Understanding the Pre-Tiahuanaco Yaya-Mama Religious tradition in the Lake Titicaca Basin: interdisciplinary perspectives
 - Modeling Hunter-Gatherer land use in Early Holocene Europe
 - New frontiers in Archaeomalacology
 - The contributions of Section 106 Archaeology: a view from Pennsylvania and surrounding States
 - Calakmul, Campeche, Mexico: recent advances in the Archaeology of the Southern Maya Lowlands
 - Phytolith analysis for Archaeologist
 - Rock Arts studies in the Eastern United States: new discoveries and recent research
 - Living on the Edge II: settlement growth and integration at the Eastern Fringe of the Peten, Northwestern Belize
 - Hopewell Society, ritual and ideology (150 B.C.-A.D. 400)
 - Holocene Hunter-Gatherers of Scotland
 - Theoretical and Methodological directions in the study of Lithic Procurement and use
 - Material Culture and chronology in the Tiwanaku region
 - Beyond diet and subsistence: socioeconomic and sociopolitical roles of animal resources in Prehistoric Small-Scale Societies of Western North America
 - Time after time: a history of Archaeological dating in North America
 - New research on craft production and specialization at the household scale
 - Power and Artisanry: methods in the research on the Titelberg, G.D. Luxemburg
 - Archaeological research at Chau Hiix, Belize
 - Ancient Maya Causeways: new views on their intrasite role
 - An undiscovered Country: the Archaeology of South-eastern Colorado and Northeastern New Mexico
 - Space Syntax: a methodology for Southwest studies
 - Salt of the Earth II
- Sessões Gerais/ Públicas**
- Geoarchaeology, Paleoenvironmental research, and absolute dating
 - Public Archaeology/ History of Archaeology
 - Ethnoarchaeological Research
 - South American Archaeology
 - Method and Theory in Paleolithic Archaeology
 - Paleosubsistence and Paleoenvironmental Research
 - Mississippian Studies
 - Southwestern Archaeology
 - Medieval/ European Archaeology
 - Mesoamerican and Central American Archaeology
 - Maya Research in Belize
 - South American Archaeology: Moche, Wari, Tiwanaku
 - Neolithic and Bronze Age Europe
 - Midwestern Archaeology
 - Archaeology in Oaxaca
 - South American Archaeology
 - Southeastern Archaeology
 - Advanced Technologies: Archaeology for the Twenty-first Century
 - Southwestern Archaeology: Chaco, Honokam, and beyond
 - New Approaches in Near Eastern Archaeology
 - Southeastern and Caribbean Archaeology
 - General Theoretical issues in Archaeology
 - Rock Art
 - Lithic Technology
 - Asia
 - Mayan Research
 - Archaeology of Eastern North America
 - Interesting PASTimes: exploring caves, building Temple Mounds, discovering new cultures
 - Archaeology in Oceania / Australasia
 - Historic Sites Archaeology
 - Mesoamerican Ideology, Iconography, and Linguistics
 - Paleoindian studies
 - Great Basin/ Pacific Northwest / Arctic
 - Post-Classic and Colonial Mesoamerica
 - Lithic Analysis: old world perspectives
 - Paleosubsistence research in the Eastern Woodlands
 - Archaeology of the Midwest and Adjoining Areas
- Apresentação de Pesquisas**
- Eastern North America
 - Mesoamerican Archaeology
 - Southwestern Archaeology

- Eastern North America
- Southwestern Archaeology
- Paleoindian and Arctic Archaeology
- South American Archaeology

Grupo de trabalho

- Implementing the Archaeology merit badge in your Community

Forum

- Issues in Paleoethnobotanical Analysis and Interpretation: Macro and Micro Approaches
- Advisory Council on Historic Preservation: changes to its regulations (36 CFR Part 800) Implementing Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act
- Doing Social Archaeology with Darwinian Theory
- Pathways to successful Public Outreach Programs
- Agency in Archaeology: Paradigm or Plenitude?
- Washington Politics and Archaeology: what the heck has been going on and what's next?

Workshops

- Radiocarbon and Carbon Stable-Isotope Analysis for Geoarchaeology: introduction, improved field and laboratory strategies, and new methods regarding sediment/soils.
- Stewards of the Past: Preservation Partnerships
- The Perks and Pitfalls: how to make publicity Work for You
- Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act: Implications and Practical Application
- The Practical Archaeologist 1: Increasing your chances: the perfect Curriculum Vitae and Cover Letter
- The Practical Archaeologist 2: Funding Graduate School
- Internet 101: Digging the World Wide Web
- Doing Research on the Internet: more digging into the World Wide Web
- The Practical Archaeologist 3: Designing a large field Project
- The Practical Archaeologist 4: Ethics: Practical Issues in Archaeology
- Electronic and Internet Publishing for Archaeologists
- Native American graves protection and repatriation act: implications and practical application

Sessões/ Simpósios de Poster

- Public Money/ Public Heritage: Delivering the Past to the Present.
- General Archaeology
- Southwestern Archaeology
- Repatriation at the National Museum of Natural History
- Flora and Fauna: Interpreting Human Interaction with the Biotic Environment through multiple lines of Archaeobiological evidence
- Southwestern Archaeology
- Archaeology of Central and South America
- Old World Archaeology

- Eastern North American Archaeology

Participação brasileira

A participação brasileira nesta Reunião da SAA ficou a cargo do Simpósio intitulado “New Perspectives in Brazilian Archaeology”, realizado no dia 3 de abril, das 13 às 16:30 horas. Tendo como organizadores Renato Kipnis (UFMG) e Irmhild Wüst (UFGO), apresentaram seus trabalhos:

- Cristiana Barreto (Univ. Pittsburg/EUA) – Brazilian Archaeology from a Brazilian Perspective
- Renato Kipnis (UFMG) – Hunter-Gatherer: perspectives from Central Brazil
- Tania A. Lima (Museu Nacional/RJ) – The Shellmound-Builders: emergent complexity along the South/Southeast Coast of Brazil
- Erika Marion Robrahn-González (MAE/USP) – South Brazil regional Potters Groups
- Eduardo Neves (MAE/USP) – Hell or Paradise? Changing perspectives in Amazonian Archaeology in Brazil (1976-1996)
- Irmhild Wüst (UFGO) e Cristiana Barreto (Univ. Pittsburgh) – The Ring Villages of Central Brazil: a challenge for Amazonian Archaeology
- Michael Heckenberger (Museu Nacional/RJ) – Pre-Colombian warfare in Amazonia: the evidence and theoretical implications

Debatedores: Jeffrey Parsons e Clark L. Erickson

Além deste Simpósio, contou-se ainda com a apresentação individual do trabalho:

- Beltrão, Maria; Perez, Rhoneds; Locks, M. – Late Pleistocene Archaeological sites in Brazil and prior occupation: Alice Boer (São Paulo), Toca da Esperança (Bahia) and Itaboraí (Rio de Janeiro).

Estas participações vieram dar continuidade e ampliar a presença brasileira na Reunião da SAA, uma vez que em 1996 contamos com a apresentação de um Poster. Durante esta 62ª Reunião foi sugerido à equipe brasileira que as próximas participações já se façam na forma de comunicações encaixadas em Simpósios ou Sessões Gerais temáticos, uma vez que a introdução de nossas pesquisas e problemas de investigação já foram satisfatoriamente realizados nestes dois eventos (1996/1997).

Além de divulgar a Arqueologia nacional, a participação nas Reuniões Anuais da SAA permite ampliar consideravelmente o leque de conhecimento, uma vez que são ali desenvolvidos temas bastante amplos e reunidos pesquisadores de vári-

as partes do mundo. No momento de renovação por que passa nossa Arqueologia, a confrontação de procedimentos com pesquisas internacionais traz novos elementos de discussão, dentro de uma visão atualizada e dinâmica.

*Erika Marion Robrahn-González**

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